Central Intelligence Agency



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DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

15 July 1985

Perspective on Financial Crisis Pakistan:

SUMMARY

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The current economic problems had their origin over a year ago with a disastrous cotton crop and the beginning of a decline in remittances from overseas workers. The government, in its attempts to maintain an appearance of economic prosperity, has avoided import and other spending cuts that would have mitigated at least some of the current troubles. Instead, the government has spent the foreign exchange reserves it had accumulated over several years—when worker remittances were growing—to "buy" economic stability and to modernize its military.	25 X 1					
An IMF team arrived in Pakistan in early July to review Islamabad's request for \$330 million in aid to help bolster foreign exchange reserves.						
Islamabad is unlikely to pursue its request with the IMF if adequate funding is available from the	25 X 1					
us. The IMF, on the other hand, is not likely to <u>provide all the</u>	25 X 1					
Dimensions of the Crisis						
Pakistan's foreign exchange reserves declined to less than \$600 million on 1 July from a peak of almost \$2 billion in December 1983. Reserves currently are equivalent to only about five weeks' imports.	25 X 1					
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We estimate Pakistan suffered a record trade deficit of about \$3.6 billion for the fiscal year ending 30 June. Exports were hampered by the lingering effects of the poor cotton crop a year earlier, stiff competition from other textile exporters, and low commodity prices. Import costs increased mainly because of price increases overseas and increased imports of wheat. Domestic wheat production was below expectations for the second consecutive year.	25 X 1					
Worker remittances were about 13 percent below the same period in 1984 and probably were about \$500 million below the peak in 1983. The government earlier this year estimated a net annual reduction of Pakistanis working abroad of 10,000 to 15,000, but the recent increase in the rate of return of workers from abroad suggests that the government underestimated the drop.	25 X 1					
Foreign debt service probably was about \$1.2 billion last year, up from \$800 million in 1981. The debt servicing requirements include at least \$100 million in interest payments on US Foreign Military Sales as well as repayment on other military debts.	25 X 1					
A severe drought cut hydroelectric power production and forced longer and more frequent power cuts than normal. Industry was particularly hard hit; US Embassy sources estimated production losses at \$3 million per day and workers had to be laid off.	25 X 1					

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Political Implications

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The economic problems could quickly translate into political problems for President Zia. An exit poll taken during the assembly elections in February indicated that economic issues were the second most important concern of the voters, next to the implementation of an Islamic political-economic system. Severe factors have made the population more aware of economic issues:

- -- Hot weather and a lack of rainfall earlier this year.
- -- Fewer new jobs in the Middle East oil-producing countries.
- -- Financial constraints on government spending which have led to cutbacks in education and routine infrastructure maintenance.

 Budget pressures which have forced cuts in development	25X1
programs and hampered the utilization of foreign aid.	
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The government avoided contentious economic debate in the first session of the assembly by not calling for any major reforms in the new budget. It backed off from some revenue enhancement proposals and even offered more subsidies to the agricultural sector.

A New Wish List

Yaqub will also review the terms of the existing aid package and ask us to quickly consider a new multi-year economic aid package that will extend the US economic and military package beyond 1987.

Pakistan's aid 25X1 requirements are projected at about \$8 billion--\$2.7 billion in economic aid and double that amount in military aid--compared to \$3.2 billion under the current program. We believe, however, this is an opening position and one that can be compromised.

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Outlook

We estimate that, without new aid or dramatic domestic belt-tightening, Pakistan will draw down its reserves by at least \$200 million over the next year. Such a reduction would force Islamabad to make some critical and politically unappealing

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choices. For example, it might delay part of the 2 million tons of wheat it plans to import to rebuild its stocks or restrict imports of electrical generators needed to alleviate anticipated power shortages early next year. Under these circumstances, Pakistan probably would threaten to default on debt repayments.	25X1
Domestic revenue-raising measures would also create political hazards. Zia is unlikely to risk general public unrest by supporting subsidy reduction measures that will result in higher food prices. Taxes on business and agriculture are likely to face stiff resistance because they threaten the interests of the strong bloc of conservatives and landlords. The conservative former Finance Minister, Ghulan Ishaq Khan, retains considerable influence as chairman of the new senate.	25 X 1
Despite its impressive recent performance, Pakistan's economy is too weak to generate economic growth for a population of almost 100 million growing at 3 percent annually and still pay for expensive imports of military hardware. Repayments on the US FMS program alone could top \$200 million before the end of the decade, and we believe Islamabad's planned military purchases will increase the \$600 million in non-US military related debt already accumulated.	25X1

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PAKIS		BALANCE OF Million \$	PAYMENTS a		
	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985 ^b
Current Account	- 991	-1,610	- 554	-1,028	-1,700
<pre>Trade Balance Exports (f.o.b.) Imports (f.o.b.)</pre>	-2,765 2,798 5,563		-2,989 2,627 5,616	-3,334 2,668 6,002	-3,600 2,500 6,100
Net Services and Transfers Worker Remittances	1,774 2,095	1,840 2,224	2,435 2,886	2,306 2,737	1,900 2,400
Long-term Capital (Net) Gross Disbursements Amortization Other	581 956 -516 141	746 1,092 -492 146	1,276 1,301 -386 361	882 1,234 -542 190	900 1,300 -550 150
Other & Short-term Capital	772	629	390	-34	-40
Financial Gap	-362 ⁰	235	-1112 ^C	180	840

^aFiscal year ending 30 June of the stated year.

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^bPakistani Government projections.

^CSurplus for the fiscal year.

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